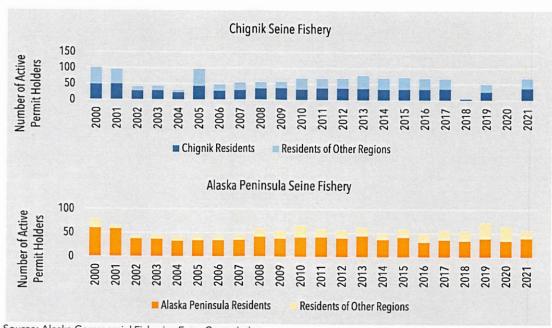
Figure 3. Number of Number of Active Chignik and Alaska Peninsula Salmon Seine Permits by Residency of Permit Holder, 2000-2021



Source: Alaska Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission

Income from Non-Salmon Fisheries

Residents of both Chignik and the Alaska Peninsula participate in several other non-salmon commercial fisheries, including longline halibut, pot Dungeness and tanner crab, and finfish caught with trawl or pot gear.

A greater number of Alaska Peninsula residents own and use permits for these non-salmon fisheries compared to Chignik residents. In 2021, 225 Alaska Peninsula residents fished permits for non-salmon species. Only 19 Chignik residents used non-salmon permits that year.

Figure 4. Number of Active Chignik and Alaska Peninsula Permits for Non-salmon Fisheries, 2000-2021



Source: Alaska Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission

RC123

91-129-FB

(Previously Finding #91-3-FB)

ALASKA BOARD OF FISHERIES

ALLOCATION CRITERIA

The Alaska Supreme Court recently issued a decision, <u>Peninsula Marketing Association vs. State</u> (Opinion No. 3754; dated September 20, 1991), regarding the application of the allocation criteria found in AS 16.05.251(e). The Court interpreted the statute to require the criteria to be considered when allocating between commercial fisheries as well as among the three user groups, commercial, personal use, and sport.

Consistent with the decision of the Court, the board finds that it will utilize the following specific allocation criteria when allocating between fisheries. Note that these criteria are essentially the same as the allocative criteria specified in AS 16.05.251(e), which the board has historically used as set out in 5AAC 39.205, 5AAC 77.007, and 5AAC 75.017.

- 1) the history of each personal use, sport, and commercial fishery;
- 2) the characteristics and number of participants in the fisheries;
- 3) the importance of each fishery for providing residents the opportunity to obtain fish for personal and family consumption;
- 4) the availability of alternative fisheries resources;
- 5) the importance of each fishery to the economy of the state;
- 6) the importance of each fishery to the economy of the region and local area in which the fishery is located;
- the importance of each fishery in providing recreational opportunities for residents and nonresidents.

Note that all seven (7) criteria do not necessarily apply in all allocation situations, and any particular criterion will be applied only where the board determines it is applicable.

Adopted: November 23, 1991

Vote: (Yes/No/Abstain/Absent) (5 /0 /0 /2) [Absent: Robin Samuelson, Tom Elias]

Location: Anchorage International Airport Inn

Chair

Alaska Board of Fisheries

91-129-FB

(Finding #91-3-FB)

ALASKA BOARD OF FISHERIES

ALLOCATION CRITERIA

The Alaska Supreme Court recently issued a decision, <u>Peninsula Marketing Association vs. State</u> (Opinion No. 3754; dated September 20, 1991), regarding the application of the allocation criteria found in AS 16.05.251(e). The Court interpreted the statute to require the criteria to be considered when allocating between commercial fisheries as well as among the three user groups, commercial, personal use, and sport.

Consistent with the decision of the Court, the board finds that it will utilize the following specific allocation criteria when allocating between fisheries. Note that these criteria are essentially the same as the allocative criteria specified in AS 16.05.251(e), which the board has historically used as set out in 5AAC 39.205, 5AAC 77.007, and 5AAC 75.017.

- 1) the history of each personal use, sport, and commercial fishery;
- 2) the characteristics and number of participants in the fisheries;
- the importance of each fishery for providing residents the opportunity to obtain fish for personal and family consumption;
- 4) the availability of alternative fisheries resources;
- 5) the importance of each fishery to the economy of the state;
- 6) the importance of each fishery to the economy of the region and local area in which the fishery is located;
- 7) the importance of each fishery in providing recreational opportunities for residents and nonresidents.

Note that all seven (7) criteria do not necessarily apply in all allocation situations, and any particular criterion will be applied only where the board determines it is applicable.

Adopted: November 23, 1991

Vote: (Yes/No/Abstain/Absent) (5/0/0/2) [Absent: Robin Samuelson, Tom Elias]

Location: Anchorage International Airport Inn

Martin

Mike Martin, Chairman Alaska Board of Fisheries